

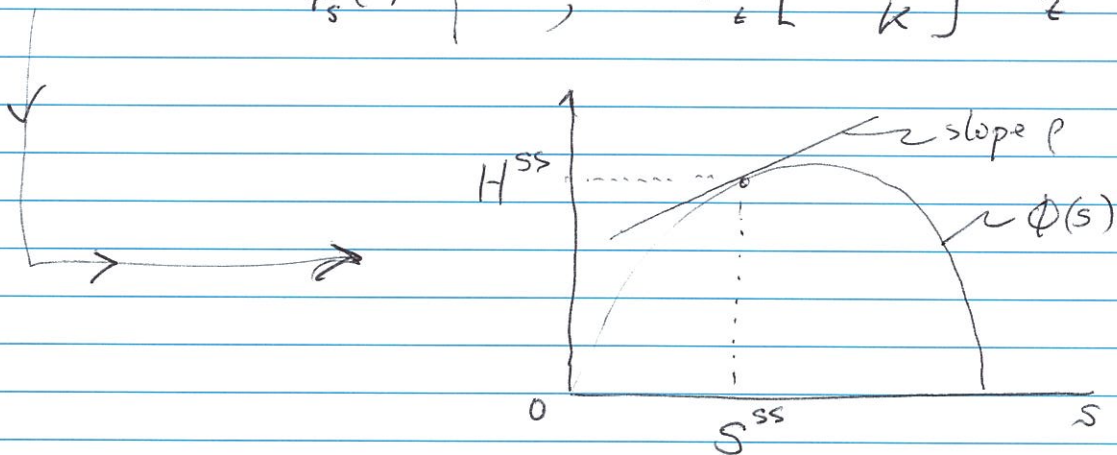
Simple Private Property Fishery

dynamics:

$$\frac{d(p_t - \frac{C(t)}{H})}{dt} + \phi_s(t) = \rho \quad ; \quad \frac{ds}{dt} = a s_t \left[1 - \frac{s_t}{K} \right] - H_t$$

steady state:

$$\phi_s(t) = \rho \quad ; \quad a s_t \left[1 - \frac{s_t}{K} \right] = H_t$$



Private Property Fishery with Stocks Affecting Harvesting Cost

dynamics:

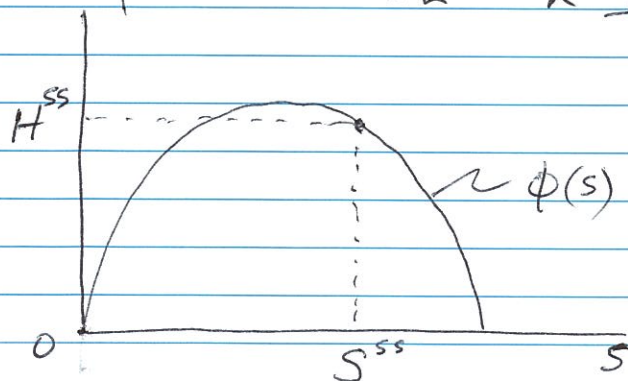
$$\frac{d \left[p_t - \frac{C(t)}{H} \right]}{dt} - \frac{C_s(t)}{p - \frac{C(t)}{H}} + \phi_s(t) = \rho \quad ;$$

AND

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = a s_t \left[1 - \frac{s_t}{K} \right] - H_t$$

steady state:

$$- \frac{C_s(t)}{p - \frac{C(t)}{H}} + \phi_s(t) = \rho \quad \text{AND} \quad a s_t \left[1 - \frac{s_t}{K} \right] = H_t$$



Fishery (2)

A Common Property "Fishery" (Brander + Taylor 1998 AER)
dynamics

$$\frac{dS}{dt} = aS \left[1 - \frac{S}{K} \right] - \overbrace{\alpha \beta L S}^{\text{harvest}}$$

each person born of population L
becomes an instant fishing person.

$$\frac{dL}{dt} = [b - d + \gamma \alpha \beta S] L$$

population grows when
 $[b - d] L > \gamma * \text{harvest}$

population shrinks when
 $[b - d] L < \gamma * \text{harvest}$.

Another version has entry to fishery POSITIVE
when current per capita harvest value
exceeds current exog. wage

AND entry to fishery NEGATIVE (declining)
when current per capita harvest value
is less than current exog. wage.

(eg. Vernon Smith AER (about 1965)
Smith won a Nobel Prize).